		INFORMATION LITERA	ACY RUBRIC	
	Early	Emergent	Experienced	Extended
	Is aware that there is a task to be completed.	Has an understanding of the task and its purpose.	Has a clear understanding of the task and its purpose	Demonstrates clear understanding of the task and its required search strategies
	Makes little or no connection to prior knowledge.	Identifies what is known and what needs to be investigated	Identifies what is known but clarifies this to ensure it meets the purpose	Makes connections between what is known and how it can be used
	Asks simple literal questions to elicit information	Formulates relevant questions to assist in focus and development of investigation	Generates keywords and poses focus questions to plan research	for the task Explores general information
Defining	Relies on others to formulate the direction of the	Creates concept map (or similar)	and observations and clarify ideas	sources to increase familiarity with the topic
	investigation Relies on others to initiate or	to plan and guide the investigation	Understands different types of questions may be needed to elicit required information	Identifies key elements in task and designs a variety of questions
	direct investigation.	Able to select suitable investigation but needs	Uses a model to plan the	to clarify the issues and ideas
		assistance with posing questions and planning task.	investigation and devises a time- management strategy to meet given deadlines	Plans investigation based on a time-management strategy to meet given deadlines which incorporates other commitments.
			Self-selects topics to investigate.	Creates hypotheses as basis for investigation.
	Uses basic subject words to search for information	Use multiple individual keywords related to topic	Combines keywords to narrow or broaden search for resources	Selects high quality resources independently and efficiently from a number of sources using a
	Uses only school library resources and needs assistance to locate these	Uses OPAC and can locate relevant materials within school or public library	Is able to locate a variety of resources in school or public library independently	variety of search strategies Aware of issues such as currency
Locating	Uses only one type of resource (ie print or electronic) and uses only one example of the	Locates primary and secondary sources of information with assistance.	Determines which sorts of resources are most likely to meet needs for this investigation	and accuracy and so selects a variety of resources in a variety of media
	resource Is unaware of which type of	Is able to locate information on a pre-selected website.	Collects a variety of resources that may be useful and quickly	Searches electronic sources including the Internet efficiently
	resource will be most useful for this investigation	Brainstorms possible sources of new, relevant information.	discards those that are not suitable	Is able to locate supplementary resources, such as those suggested in a bibliography, and
		Compares different pre-selected resources, and selects those	Locates information on Internet using `closed' search engine	uses these to further understanding

	T			
		appropriate to needs by scanning	Constructs and follows a search	
		cover, title and illustrations.	plan	
		Contributes to and follows a		
		simple search plan with		
		assistance		
	Is aware of the purpose of the	Understands purpose of a	Scans resources for suitability	Finds and records information
	title, contents page and page	resource's front cover, title,	and uses tools such as search	systematically using a variety of
V	numbers and uses these to	contents page, page numbers,	function, hotlinks, index,	note-making strategies that meet
m m	locate appropriate information	chapters, headings, topic	headings, and captions.	own needs and learning style.
13.3 6.7)		sentence, illustrations, maps,		
7	Needs assistance to find	tables, graphs, captions,	Finds and records information	Compares information from
	information on the page	glossary, index and publication	systematically which answers	different sources for opposing
		date and uses these to locate	focus questions, using simple	viewpoints, biases, accuracy and
	Copies information directly from	required information	note-making strategies.	currency and assesses credibility
Selecting	the source	·		of each.
		Identifies main ideas and	Distinguishes between fact,	
	Loses track of important	keywords, and a sequence of	generalisations and opinion, and	Recognises need for adequate
	information	ideas	different perspectives.	information and data and seeks
			' '	extra if necessary.
		Can extract basic information	Assesses information for	,
		from illustrations, maps, graphs	relevance, accuracy, currency and	Records sources fully and
		and tables.	authority.	accurately and complies with
			,	copyright requirements.
		Develops skimming and scanning	Verifies information using at least	,
		skills.	one other source	
		oo.	0.10 0.1101 0001 00	
		Constructs oral and written	Understands purpose of	
		sentences using identified	bibliography and is able to record	
		keywords	title, author, publisher and date	
		,	and place of publication	
		Constructs basic bibliography	and process possible.	
		including title, author and		
		publisher		
	Can distinguish between fiction	Can distinguish between a factual	Identifies author's purpose	Identifies author's purpose and
CON I	and non fiction	piece and an opinion piece	Tachanica additor o parpose	considers it when selecting and
		procedure are opinion proced	Describes differences in purpose,	using information
	Understands fiction is for the	Can identify the author's purpose.	content and format according to	asing information
	imagination and non fiction for	and addition a purposer	whether intention is to persuade,	Understands concepts of
Interpreting	information	Is able to identify bias	inform, analyse or entertain	objectivity and bias
	in or madon	15 doi: to identify blub	initially dialyse of effectually	objectivity and blas
			Looks for evidence to support	Seeks alternative opinions and
			arguments	perspectives
				peropestives
				Forms own opinion based on a
				variety of evidence
	l .	I	l .	variety of evidence

Organising	Uses some basic structures to order ideas and information such as sequencing and classifying Little or no understanding of the need to sort and organise information to make it accessible to the reader Unable to take notes	Constructs a basic concept map to assist in organisation of ideas, and presentation of these Takes notes but needs assistance to organise them Understands ideas are more readily accepted if supported by sound reasoning, data and other evidence Compares information from difference sources and identifies discrepancies in factual information. Follows a simple timemanagement plan.	Creates structure which has a coherent and clear focus Understands the conventions of the selected presentation method and organises information to suit these. Notes are legible and organised Connects similar ideas and arranges information in logical manner, using headings and subheadings and paragraph connectors Interprets and synthesises information to construct new information, draws simple conclusions and makes generalisations.	Organises information using a variety of strategies including flow charts, time lines, spreadsheets, graphs and databases. Interprets, compares and selects information after examining and evaluating it for logic, bias, prejudice, consistency and contradictions. Synthesises information to make and substantiate judgements and to construct generalisations. Draws inferences from evidence.
			Creates and adheres to a time- management plan and meets commitments and deadlines.	
Presenting	Creates a simple response to a task/ topic which uses information selected for the purpose. Shares information with other children and adults orally but generally unaware of a wider audience beyond self Presents information in simple oral and visual sequence.	Creates an appropriate response to a task/ topic which uses information selected for the purpose. Links ideas and relates them to the main idea of the topic. Uses graphics which assist understanding Presents information in simple oral and written sentences. Uses Is aware of the concept of 'audience" and ensures that presentation is edited, accurate and appealing	Identifies the audience who would most likely use the information to be presented and presents information using an approach to suit the purpose and audience. Creates a response which links ideas coherently, shows cause and effect and future directions. Creates presentations which incorporate appropriate and accurate drawings, illustrations, graphs, models, drama, video, audio or electronic elements Understands that the presentation is just the end-product of an important process.	Selects the most appropriate method of presentation according to the purpose and audience. Incorporates appropriate and accurate drawings, illustrations, graphs, models, drama, video, audio or electronic elements to assist reader's understanding Creates presentations which synthesise information and offer solutions to original problem. Delivers presentation efficiently and effectively.

Assessing	Meets minimum requirements of the task Assesses their product against original intentions Discusses work giving simple reasons for choices made	Assesses their product against original intentions and identifies areas of personal need. Reflects on how well they worked through the process.	Assesses own process and product in relation to original task. Reflects on significance of what has been learned and how it has influenced personal ideas, feelings, attitudes and actions. Uses self-evaluation strategies to review learning strengths and weaknesses, identify skills which need practice or refinement, and creates a learning-path to improve these	Assesses own process and product in relation to original task and future directions. Analyses audience response to presentation and determines effectiveness and efficiency of product.
Reflecting	Discusses what has been learned and shows basic understanding.	Uses new learning in new situations. Values what has been learned as an integral part of their making sense of the world. Contributes to a class reflections session about what has been learned. Reflects on their learning and records these reflections in a personal journal, print or digital.	Transfers new knowledge, understandings and skills to different situations. Understands and values how what has been learned applies to them as an individual Understands personal experiences influence their knowledge and understanding, Understands that their knowledge and understanding will change over time as they learn and experience more. Develops an awareness of their personal preferences, perceptions, habits and styles which shape their knowledge and understanding Concedes that there may be a variety of solutions to the one problem.	Uses what has been learned to determine or modify actions in similar situations. Demonstrates an initial understanding of the relevance of the problem to themselves as individuals and the wider world. Demonstrates an empathetic response to other perspectives and opinions and is willing to explore these and reconsider own position if presented with compelling new information, arguments or evidence Demonstrates an openmindedness when confronted with new or unusual problems, or alternative opinions and perspectives Understands there is a difference between "knowing' and 'understanding'.

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